# TOUR OPERATORS' PROGRAM OF SAFETY, INC. (TOPS)

# **PROGRAM OF SAFETY**

January 16, 1996 Revised Feb 13, 1998 Revised Jun 17, 2000 Revised Oct 12, 2000 Revised Apr 9, 2002 Revised Mar 17, 2004 Revised Feb 28, 2007 Revised Nov 8, 2008 Revised Feb 23, 2010 Revised Oct 20, 2010 Revised Feb 17, 2011 Revised Aug 11, 2011 Revised Feb 28, 2012 Revised May 22, 2013 Revised Feb 24, 2014 Revised Mar 14, 2016 Revised Oct 26, 2016

#### PREAMBLE:

Helicopter sightseeing tours must be among the safest type of flying. The objective of our industry is to provide access to our Nation's magnificent scenery for enjoyment and expansion of awareness while in the care of safe and professional operators.

## **MISSION STATEMENT:**

The goal of the TOPS organization is to ensure that the helicopter tour industry achieves a zero-accident rate through the establishment of and commitment to rigorous voluntary standards.

## **DEFINITIONS:**

AIR TOUR - A flight for compensation or hire in an airplane or helicopter where a purpose of the flight is sightseeing.

AIR TOUR OPERATOR - Any person or organization that conducts an air tour.

ASSOCIATE MEMBER - Any helicopter non-tour operator or organization supporter

CREW - All personnel affecting the safety of the flight.

ENROUTE - That segment of flight, not under ATC control or under any Letter of Agreement to, from, and between specific scenic areas.

- MANAGEMENT All personnel responsible for establishing policy and/or having operational control regarding the conduct of air tours.
- OVER WATER Any segment of a tour that is beyond engine-out gliding distance to a suitable landing site on land.
- REGULAR MEMBER A helicopter operator who has dedicated helicopter air tour operation(s) as an integral part of its business as determined by TOPS and who successfully completes the Annual TOPS Audit and meets other TOPS requirements.
- SUITABLE LANDING SITE: One in which there is a high probability of a successful landing.

## I. MANAGEMENT

All safety related issues begin with management's attitude toward safety. TOPS was founded with, and has continued to emphasize the objective of maximum cooperation and open communication among the members. The TOPS websites provide a highly effective and economical method of communicating within the TOPS community; management is urged to encourage their employees to make frequent use of the TOPS websites. Within all TOPS activities, members will refrain from any competition with other members, and will fully comply with all anti-trust laws. Management will recognize the absolute importance of participation in and active support of TOPS Committees.

- A. Management shall establish and enforce the highest possible tour standards, which will include the following:
  - 1) Prevailing visibility in the scenic area must be three (3) nautical miles or more. Minimum of one (1) nautical mile visibility is authorized for transitory situations where airspeed is limited to eighty (80) knots.
  - 2) Minimum enroute altitude of five hundred (500) feet AGL, except for ridgeline transitions or other legally required altitudes.
  - 3) Angle of bank not more than thirty (30) degrees.
  - 4) Angle of pitch not more than ten (10) degrees.
  - 5) All of the above standards shall include smooth transitions into each flight maneuver or flight profile. Management shall establish standards that would avoid any perception of a thrill ride, aerobatics, nap of the earth flying, or other unnecessary abrupt maneuvers.
- B. Management shall establish a safety management program, which satisfies the requirements of the TOPS safety audit checklist and includes an accident response plan.

In addition, Management shall appoint a Safety Officer who will obtain outside training. This will include training from safety management schools offering basic

and advanced safety programs such as HAI's Safety Management, Advanced Safety Management, and Pilot Human Factors. If an outside Safety Officer is used as the Safety Officer, there must be an in-house safety designee. The Safety Program, the safety contractor and the safety contract must be approved by TOPS and shall not endure for more than one year without additional approval by TOPS.

- C. The audit system is at the heart of the TOPS Program of Safety, and Management must be familiar with the audit process. The Board approves each auditor, based on integrity, reputation, personal attributes and professional qualifications and experience in aviation safety.
  - 1.) Subsequent to the initial independent audit required for initial membership, independent audits shall be performed annually. The "Annual Audit" procedures are described in Section VII within the Program of Safety
  - 2.) The audit process will be comprised of two parts, (A) and (B). Part A will consist of the traditional evaluation as established by TOPS membership Part B will consist of an in-depth consultative evaluation by the auditor and presented to the subject operator. All tour sites of the audited operator will be evaluated; the audited operator will pay for all audit costs.
- D. It is the responsibility of management to establish clear operating standards, effectively communicate them to the pilot staff, and provide consistent day-to-day interpretation. Pilots are expected to comply with these standards, but shall never compromise safety when unforeseen or unusual circumstances occur. The pilot's professional judgment will be respected at all times within these guidelines.
- E. Sometimes there is conflict between noise abatement and safe practice. The company shall maintain safety as the primary standard by which all air tours are conducted.
- F. Management shall implement a human factors program in order to develop and maintain a culture of safety throughout the organization. The objective of this program is increased safety performance in all departments.
- G. Sightseeing flights should not conduct operations within the height/velocity curve; except when necessary for landings, takeoffs, and approaches to and departures from in-ground-effect hover. It shall be a company policy, and included in pilot training, to recognize and avoid the height/velocity curve area for the type aircraft flown.
- H. Management will endeavor to hire instrument-rated pilots and encourage non-rated pilots to acquire their instrument rating.
- I. Management shall coordinate their air tour operations with other operators flying in the same air space. Operator meetings with TOPS members and other tour operators shall be held at least annually in order to coordinate routes, position reporting, noise, safety procedures, and other items as appropriate.

- J. Operating statistics are required to be reported annually.
- K. In the event that a member company has an accident, potential tour accident, or incident that company will notify within 24 hours, via e-mail, the TOPS Chairman, with a copy to the TOPS Executive Director, the date of the accident/near accident, or incident, type aircraft, location, whether or not there were injuries/fatalities among the passengers and/or crew, and extent of damage to aircraft (minor, major, total, etc.)
- L. Management shall have a process in place where customers can report a complaint directly to the operator about safety or safety of flight issues and management shall maintain a record of all actions related to these complaints. This process must require upper level management involvement.
- M. Each member shall have Human Factors training for the flight and Maintenance department personnel. The program shall contain the following as a minimum depending upon the size and complexity of the company.
  - 1.) Training for employees and management on Scheduling and its effect on Safety
  - 2.) A maximum of 14 hours of duty time for maintenance technicians/apprentice staff, without a responsible company representative performing a review/ risk assessment for exceeding this limit.
  - 3.) Effects on Performance and its countermeasures
  - 4.) Quantity and quality of off duty activities
  - 5.) Employee responsibilities
  - 6.) Fatigue Management
  - 7.) Deviations from approved procedure
  - 8.) Situational awareness
  - 9.) Dirty Dozen (the 12 most common aviation human-factors causes of errors)

## II. PILOT QUALIFICATIONS

- A. The minimum pilot-in-command (PIC) flight qualifications are:
  - 1.) One thousand (1,000) hours helicopter PIC.
  - 2.) One hundred (100) hours of flying in typical terrain for which the pilot is going to be hired, or completion of a training program specifically

- designed for those unique conditions. This training will be recorded in the training record for each respective pilot.
- 3.) Company checkout in make and model including ground and flight training.
- B. Verification shall be made of applicant pilot's certificate, flight time, and current appropriate medical certificate. Inquiry shall be made to obtain applicant's accident history, certificate action, and safety performance.
- C. The employer shall require a pilot applicant to provide a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) abstract of his/her certificate record, and drivers license record. A license abstract can be obtained from the FAA at the following address:

FAA Airman Certification Branch P.O. Box 25082 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125-4940

## III. <u>TRAINING</u>

It shall be emphasized to each pilot during his/her training period and on a regular basis, that flying the public for pleasure tours must be the highest calling with regard to safety, attention to detail, compliance with Federal Air Regulations (FAR), and company standards. It is the pilot's responsibility to follow <u>all</u> established procedures. Training must emphasize that pilots comply with the utmost standard of professionalism and report to management any violations of the TOPS Program or any perceived dangerous operations.

- A. All air tour pilots will be trained as a minimum under the current FAA 135 flight training standards. Additional training will include:
  - 1.) Inadvertent Instrument Meteorological Conditions (IMC) avoidance and recovery training to include:
    - a. Recognition & avoidance of IMC conditions.
    - b. Basic attitude flight training under the hood for:
      - 1. Recovery from unusual attitudes.
      - 2. Demonstration of 180 degree turns with a decent and a climb.
    - c. Local area procedures for inadvertent IMC.
  - 2.) Performance planning to include:
    - a. Density altitude conditions that are anticipated to be encountered in the operational profile.

- b. Hover in-ground effect.
- c. Hover out-of-ground effect.
- 3.) Loss of effective anti-torque thrust.
- 4.) Emphasized training in:
  - a. Pre-flight procedures.
  - b. Availability and proper use of cockpit checklists.
  - c. Use of the flight manual.
  - d. Basic helicopter aerodynamics to include:
    - 1. Settling with power.
    - 2. Ground resonance.
    - 3. Dynamic rollover.
    - 4. Low speed flight.
    - 5. Auto-rotation characteristics (annual touchdown auto-rotation is highly recommended).
  - e. Recognition and avoidance of the height/velocity curve.
- 5.) Human factors:
  - a. Aeronautical Decision Making (ADM).
  - b. Crew Resource Management (CRM).
- 6.) Emergency egress and survival techniques.
- 7.) On board passenger briefing.
- B. In addition to the required training listed above, each company shall establish a regular program that includes monthly/weekly refreshers and daily briefings.
- C. All training referenced in item III above shall be documented and kept in appropriate training folders. These documents shall be made available to the auditor.

## IV. MAINTENANCE

All members are required to meet the maintenance standards of FAR Part 135. Maintenance shall be conducted on a higher standard so as to achieve the highest possible degree of safety.

In order to increase pride in workmanship and promote safety and increased airworthiness, the following is required:

#### A. Technician Qualifications

- 1.) Technicians shall be A&P licensed mechanics with at least three (3) years' experience in helicopter maintenance or have completed factory training school/course for the make and model aircraft to be serviced. There shall be no more than one (1) Apprentice/assistant for each mechanic employed. Ramp attendants, refuelers, and aircraft detailers shall not be considered mechanics apprentices.
- 2.) Verification shall be made of technician's A&P certificate and past experience. The employer shall require a mechanic applicant to provide an FAA abstract of his/her certificate record and auto license record.

## B. <u>Technical Training</u>

- 1.) All operators shall establish a training schedule that provides for at least eight (8) hours of technical training per year. This training shall be pertinent to the aircraft being used by the operator for air tours.
- 2.) The technical department leader and/or supervisors shall attend a factory or similar training course no less than once every three (3) years.
- 3.) Formal training may include on-the-job training, manufacturer provided maintenance training courses, in-house training, and having an experienced mechanic, inspection authorization (IA) or director of maintenance instruct and document the performance of maintenance tasks.
- 4.) Training records shall be kept and readily available for verification during audits. An appropriate training syllabus shall be maintained for each type of training given.
- 5.) Management is encouraged to send technical department members to HeliExpo to attend training courses: such as, Safety Management, Aviation Quality Management Programs, Internal Evaluation and Voluntary Disclosure Programs, and Helicopter Maintenance Management.
- 6.) Operators are encouraged to utilize the FAA "Maintenance Technician Awards Program" and the HAI Safety Awards Program to build enthusiasm within their organizations and to achieve continually higher awards as outlined in the program.

## C. Technical Department Standards

1.) The technical department shall have a factory trained or other formal training program, for each employee, for each model of helicopter being

maintained.

- 2.) All subscribers to this program will utilize the Maintenance Malfunction Information Reporting (MMIR) process on a regular basis.
- 3.) The first-line maintenance supervisor will coordinate with the Safety Officer to ensure implementation of the safety program.

## D. Technical Library

The technical department shall maintain and make available to all maintenance personnel a current technical library including, but not limited to:

- 1.) Appropriate manuals for aircraft operated.
- 2.) FAR's.
- 3.) TC Data Sheets.
- 4.) AD's.
- 5.) Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
- 6.) Alert service bulletins issued by the manufacturers.

# E. Maintenance Contracting

Operators that contract out their maintenance shall require the contractor(s) to follow the TOPS standards. The contractor(s) will be audited by the TOPS auditor to ensure compliance.

# F. <u>Maintenance Quality Control Program</u>

Each member shall have a Maintenance Quality Control Program. The program shall contain the following as a minimum depending upon the size and complexity of the company.

- 1.) A procedure for additional verification of worked performed on certain items of maintenance which if performed improperly or if improper parts or materials are used could affect the safe operation of the aircraft. The minimum requirement is when flight controls, and/or other critical flight systems, have received maintenance, removal or installation.
- 2.) The verification of work may be performed by any assigned trained personnel, providing a second set of eyes, and there are no regulatory inspection requirements to be met.
- 3.) The verification shall be recorded and tracked to guarantee this procedure has taken place.

## G. Tool Control Program

1.) TOPS Members will have a clearly stated Tool Control Policy or a Procedure.

- 2.) This Policy or Procedure shall be contained in an accepted Maintenance Procedures Manual or in a letter signed by the DOM and President/CEO of the company.
- 3.) This Policy or Procedure shall contain a process for the inspection and/or accountability of all tools and maintenance materials used during maintenance on an aircraft prior to releasing that aircraft from maintenance.
- 4.) This Policy or Procedure shall include training for the use of: Best Practices, Tool Calibration-Records, Tracking and Tool Accountability, and Checklists or Forms. A record of such training shall be maintained.

## H. Parts Control Program

- 1.) TOPS Members will have a clearly stated Policy or Procedure for the Inspection, Tagging and Segregating Aircraft Parts.
- 2.) This Policy or Procedure shall be contained in an accepted Maintenance Procedures Manual or in a letter signed by the DOM and President/CEO of the company.
- 3.) This Policy or Procedure shall include training for the Inspection, Tagging and Segregating Aircraft Parts and a record of training maintained.

## V. GROUND SUPPORT PERSONNEL AND PROCEDURES

Ground personnel are an important part of the crew and provide an essential contribution to the overall safety of the tour operation.

All ground support activities shall be systematically monitored by the Safety Officer. Open lines of communication shall be established and maintained to allow prompt and assured reporting of hazardous situations and submission of ideas and suggestions concerning safety.

## A. Flightline

- 1.) Qualified personnel shall brief passengers from an established checklist prior to passengers entering the immediate helicopter activity area.
- 2.) Qualified personnel shall escort all passengers to the helicopter while maintaining continuous control of passengers' movements.
- 3.) Qualified personnel shall assist passengers with loading, seat belt fastening, and *will provide* any specific information relative to the aircraft and flight routine.
- 4.) Qualified personnel shall monitor and assist movement of the helicopter in

congested areas or as appropriate.

- 5.) Qualified personnel shall assist passengers upon landing by opening the helicopter door, deplaning, and escorting the passengers from the helicopter activity area.
- 6.) Walkways shall be clearly identified where permitted and appropriate.

# B. Training For Ground Support Personnel

Training shall be established and documented to ensure understanding and compliance with the following minimum procedures:

- 1.) Helicopter safety and awareness both inside and outside the cabin.
- 2.) Passenger briefing.
- 3.) Loading and unloading passengers.
- 4.) Ground guiding and communication with the pilot when appropriate.
- 5.) Fueling procedures.
- 6.) Load manifest.
- 7.) Emergency procedures in case of ramp mishap.
- 8.) Records of this training shall be kept in appropriate training folders.

## C. Flight Following

- 1.) Two-way radio communication shall be maintained when practical.
- 2.) Flight following shall be required.
- 3.) Emergency notification procedures shall be the responsibility of flight following personnel.
- 4.) Overdue aircraft reaction procedures shall be established and tested on an annual basis.

## D. Fuel Policy

1.) TOPS members shall have a clearly stated Policy or Procedure appropriate for the size and complexity of the company's operations for inspecting fueling equipment and fuel prior to the first flight of each day to assure compliance with federal, state and company requirements as well as confirming fuel is free of contamination.

### VI. AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT

- A. All air tour aircraft shall be equipped and operated with appropriate instrumentation to recover from Inadvertent Meteorological Conditions (IMC). The installed equipment shall meet, at a minimum, FAR Part 135.159 night VFR instrumentation standards.
- B. All air tour aircraft shall be equipped with an Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT). It is recommended that operators consider GPS integrated ELT's.
- C. Any aircraft flying over water without a suitable land-based landing area shall be amphibious or equipped with flotation equipment to accomplish a safe emergency water landing. In addition, each passenger and pilot shall wear an approved personal flotation device.
  - 1) All air tour aircraft operating in the State of Hawaii are required to be amphibious or equipped with flotation equipment to accomplish a safe emergency water landing regardless of the companies intention for the aircraft to fly over water. In addition, each passenger and pilot shall wear an approved personal flotation device.
- D. Visibility of tour aircraft is essential for assured avoidance of collisions. Aircraft will be required to have the following anti-collision equipment installed:
  - 1.) Alternating avoidance lights.
  - 2.) High-visibility rotor blades.
  - 3.) Minimum of one strobe light.
  - 4.) All air tour aircraft operating in the State of Nevada performing Commercial Air Tour Operations over the "Las Vegas Strip" at night are required to be equipped with High Intensity Anti Collision Lights affixed to each the Vertical and Horizontal Stabilizers on the aircraft.

The above anti-collision equipment shall be used at all times except when the pilot-in-command deems it inappropriate for safety reasons.

## VII. ANNUAL AUDIT

An Annual Audit will be conducted each year for each "Regular Member" of the Tour Operators Program of Safety. The Chairman of the Audit/Membership Committee will provide oversight for this process using the following guidelines:

A. A minimum of three Auditors will be approved by the Board for the Annual Audits. The audit committee is responsible for qualifying auditors for the Program of Safety. Considerations for auditors will be: previous audit experience, previous 135 operational experience, documented safety training and recent helicopter

- <u>industry experience. Preference will be given to candidates with IS-BAO or equivalent auditor certification.</u> To remain in good standing during their term(s), auditors must attend one TOPS meeting a year.
- B. With the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board shall establish Audit procedures as necessary for conducting the Annual Audits. Auditors will rotate so no individual Auditor will Audit a specific operator more than once every two years. Auditor selections will be made no later than May 1 of the given year.
- C. Each Auditor will coordinate his schedule with each Regular Member to accommodate a convenient schedule for both the Auditor and Operator being audited. Each Auditor should use "reasonable" efforts to establish an audit schedule that will allow those operators in a specific region the opportunity to share in common expenses for transportation, lodging, and meals.
- D. Auditors will conduct the Audits in a timely manner so that the Chairman of the Audit/Membership Committee can receive the completed audit results no later than September 30<sup>th</sup> of the given year.
  - 1) All discrepancies that arise during an audit must be corrected by the Member Operator and approved by the assigned Auditor. The Audit/Membership Committee will not serve as an Arbitrator between the Member Operator and the Auditor. If a question of compliance cannot be resolved during the audit process, a petition to the TOPS Board of Directors can be made at the discretion of either the Member Operator or the assigned Auditor. The Board will then provide a clarification as to the issue of dispute as it pertains to the specific requirements outlined in the Program of Safety.
  - 2) Any Regular Member not passing an Annual Audit by September 30 of the given year, without an approved extension by the TOPS Board of Directors, will be deemed "Out of Compliance" with the terms of membership of the Program of Safety and their membership will be terminated.
  - 2)3) Any Regular Member found "Out of Compliance" through uncorrected discrepancies shall be required to make the necessary changes, document them and present them to the Audit Committee prior to the next TOPS meeting to remain in the Program of Safety. Should corrections not be made by the next TOPS meeting, their membership will be terminated.
- E. Any Regular Member can request an early Annual Audit by following the below procedures:
  - 1) A written request with rationale for the request is submitted to the Chairman of the Audit/Membership Committee,

- 2) The requested Audit cannot be conducted within six (6) months of any previous TOPS Audit,
- 3) All discrepancies that arise during an audit must be corrected by the Member Operator and approved by the assigned Auditor within 90 days from the date that the requested early Annual Audit was completed.
- F. All completed audit reports are considered to be proprietary, and distribution is limited to the auditor, operator, the Audit/Membership Committee, the Executive Director and the Board.

## VIII: NEW APPLICANT PROCESS FOR REGULAR MEMBERS

- A. TOPS Executive Director shall discuss TOPS program requirements (with perspective applicants and the operator's ability to meet those requirements within six months from the date of their application.
- B. In coordination with the Chairman of the Audit Committee, the Executive Director will notify all Regular TOPS members of the potential new applicant.
- C. The applicant must attend a regular TOPS meeting after submitting application for membership.
- D. After the applicant has attended the required meeting, the Board will review the application and determine that the applicant meets the basic requirements of the TOPS program. The Board will then instruct the Executive Director to accept payment of 50% of the annual dues and to initiate the application process.
- E. Chairman of the Audit / Membership Committee shall assign a mentor to assist in the application process and prepare preparation for the initial audit. The mentor shall provide the new applicant with advice and help in understanding the TOPS program and how to meet the program requirements. The mentor shall be available via telephone, video conference and/or email to the applicant and the applicant should include its Director of Operations, Director of Maintenance and the Director of Safety or Safety Officer in communications with the mentor. While not required, it is highly encouraged for the mentor to make a site visit to the applicant's operation. Costs incurred for a mentor visit shall be borne by the applicant. To assist with mentorship, the applicant will provide the mentor with a copy of the following documents: General Operations Manual, copies of the FAR 135 certificate and FAR 136 document if applicable. The mentor will review the program of safety, and applicant's documents and operation to ensure and/or guide the applicant to meet TOPS pre-audit conditions. Full review of the applicant's operation and documentation by the mentor and all required changes to meet the program shall be complete prior to the initial audit.
- F. Once the mentor determines that the applicant is ready for their audit, the Chairman of the Audit/Membership Committee will schedule the applicant's initial audit, the cost of which shall be borne by the applicant.
- G. Initial audit results will be sent to the Chairman of the Audit/Membership

Committee with a copy sent to Executive Director within 30 days of the audit.

- H. The Audit/Membership Committee shall review the audit report and make a recommendation to the Board for approval or denial of membership.
- I. The Board shall make a final determination of the applicant's membership. The Board shall instruct the Executive Director to prepare a letter for signature of the TOPS Chairman, informing the applicant of the decision of the Board. In the event membership is not approved, the unsuccessful applicant will receive a refund of application payment less any unpaid Audit costs.

## IX. REVISIONS TO THE TOPS PROGRAM OF SAFETY

All revisions to the TOPS Program of Safety must be revised or approved as per the bylaws.

Attested and certified a true and correct copy of the revised Tour Operators Program of Safety this 14th-26th day of MarchOctober, 2016.

(CORPORATE SEAL)	
	Secretary